## Electron Spin Resonance Spectrum of BH<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>

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WE have studied the electron spin resonance spectrum of  $\gamma$ -irradiated polycrystalline potassium tetrahydridoborate at 77°K. The main paramagnetic species stabilised at this temperature has been identified as the radical anion of monoborane, BH<sub>3</sub>-. Our identification is based on the following observations:

- (i) The radical contains one boron atom and three equivalent protons.
- (ii) The isotropic proton hyperfine coupling, although less than that for the isoelectronic

methyl radical, is nevertheless quite reasonable for BH<sub>3</sub>-.

(iii) The isotropic <sup>11</sup>B hyperfine coupling is very close to expectation for BH<sub>3</sub>-, the corresponding U-values1 for BH3-, CH3, and  $NH_3$  all being close to 3.5, which indicates unit spin-density in a 2p-orbital on boron.

At least two other paramagnetic species are present in y-irradiated potassium tetrahydridoborate and full details of these results will be reported later.

## TABLE

Electron spin resonance parameters for XH<sub>3</sub> radicals

Hyperfine coupling constants (gauss)

Radical	$A_{iso}(\mathbf{X})$	$A_{iso}(H)$	gav	$U^{\mathbf{X}}$ a	Reference
<sup>11</sup> BH <sub>3</sub>	(+) 24  (+) 41  (+) 19.5	(-) 16.5	2.0013	3·3	This work
<sup>13</sup> CH <sub>3</sub>		(-) 23.0	2.0026	3·7	2,3
<sup>14</sup> NH <sub>3</sub> +		(-) 25.9	2.0035	3·5	4

\*  $U^{\mathbf{x}} = 100 A_{1so}(\mathbf{X})/\rho_{\mathbf{x}} \cdot A^{\circ}(\mathbf{X})$  where  $\rho_{\mathbf{X}}$ , the spin density on X, is taken as unity and  $A^{\circ}(\mathbf{X})$  is the calculated hyperfine coupling for one electron in the 2s-orbital of X.

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